



**LOW FREQUENCY - PROFESSIONAL** 

**INVERTER/CHARGER/UPS** 

USER'S MANUAL
Inverter/Charger

USER'S MANUAL

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# Troubleshooting Guide

Troubleshooting contains information about how to troubleshoot possible error conditions while using the any Hollandia Power Inverter with Charger.

The following chart is designed to help you quickly pinpoint the most common inverter failures.

Problem	Possible cause	Solution	
	run out of battery	continue to charge battery full	
battery Battery down to or below 10V while machine switched off, then battery is damaged.		change battery	
battery overvoltage	machine fault/battery connection fault	ttery connection fault check machine, and check if battery connection correct.	
	connected more loads	turned off inverter, remove some loads	
overload	connected big meter load	start power of motor load is huge,3-4 times of load itself,pls choose the correct load	
	There is not enough free space around	Keep free space around the battery	
over tempterature	the battery	Check if fan is working normally	
İ	machine does not turn off but overload	remove some loads	
over charge	machine fault/machine "select" switch at wrong position	set "select " switch at correct position	
	red power button wrong,	Check position of the red power button	
without output	Wire connection inside machine is incorrect	Check if LED lights are correct to make sure the wire connection inside is OK.	
	machine components damaged	open machine case to check components	
	machine "select" switch at wrong position	set "select "switch at correct position	
without charge	Wire connection inside machine is incorrect	Check if LED lights are correct to make sure the wire connection inside is OK	
	Machine is not set at AC Mode."	set at 'AC mode'	
load light flashing	Load is less than 25W at power saver on	50W is better, so add more load until load light is back to normal.	
	Fan blocked	check if somthing block fan, like insect, etc.	
Fan stops run	Fan is jammed	Open the machine and find a white probe cable (on the cooling fin). Keep it at short-circuit, the small fan should be running again. If not, then there's something wrong with the fan.	
	Load at short circuit	Check load carefully	
Output short circuit	Mosfet broken	Check machine inside	
Remark:1kw to 3kv	w machine, the fan starts to run until temperat		
	of 4kW to 6kW starts, the big fan runs simult		

Need any support, contact our customer service

# Important Safety Information



### WARNING!

This manual contains important instructions for all Inverter/Charger models that shall be followed during installation and maintenance of the inverter.

### General Safety Precautions

- Before installing and using the Inverter/Charger, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the Inverter/Charger and all appropriate sections of this guide be sure to read all instructions and cautionary markings for any equipment attached to this unit.
- This unit is designed for indoor use only. Do not expose the Inverter/Charger to rain, snow, or soray.
- To reduce risk of fire hazard, do not cover or obstruct the ventilation openings. Do not install the Inverter/Charger in a zero-clearance compartment. Otherwise overheating may occur.
- Use only attachments recommended or sold by the manufacturer. Doing otherwise may result in a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury to persons.
- To avoid a risk of fire and electric shock, make sure that existing wiring is in good condition and that wire is not undersized. Do not connect the Inverter/Charger with damaged or substandard wiring.
- Do not operate the Inverter/Charger if it has received a sharp blow, been dropped, or otherwise damaged in any way. If the Inverter/Charger is damaged, read the Warranty section.
- 7.Do not disassemble the Inverter/charger. It contains no user-serviceable parts. See Warranty for instructions on obtaining service. Attempting to service the Inverter/Charger yourself may result in a risk of electrical shock or fire. Internal capacitors remain charged after all power is disconnected.
- 8. The Inverter contains more than one livecircuits(batteries and AC line). Power may be present at more than one source. To reduce the risk of electrical shock, disconnect both AC and DC power from the Inverter/Charger before attempting any maintenance or cleaning or working on any circuits connected to the Inverter/Charger. Turning off controls will not reduce this risk.
- Use insulted tools to reduce the chance of short-circuits when installing or working with the inverter, the batteries, or PV array.

#### Precautions When Working with Batteries

- 1. Make sure the batteries are well ventilated to the environment around.
- Never smoke or allow a spark or flame near the engine or batteries.
- Use caution to reduce the risk of dropping a metal tool on the battery. It could spark or short circuit the battery or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
- Remove all metal items, like rings, brace lets, and watches when working with lead-acid batteries. Lead-acid batteries produce a short circuit current high enough to weld metal to skin, causing a severe burn.
- Make sure someone is close enough to aid you if danger occur when you're working near a lead-acid battery.

- Prepare enough fresh water and soap in case battery acid contacts skin, clothing, or eyes.
- Wear complete eye protection and clothing protection. Avoid touching your eyes while working near batteries.
- If battery acid contacts skin or clothing, wash immediately with soap and water. If acid enters
  your eye, immediately flood it with cold water and get medical attention immediately.
- If you need to remove a battery, always remove the grounded terminal from the battery first.Make sure all accessories are off so you don't cause a spark.
- Always use identical types of batteries.
- Never install old or untested batteries. Check each batterys date code label to ensure age and type.
- Batteries are temperature sensitive. For optimal performance, they should be installed in a stable temperature environment.
- Always recycle old batteries. Contact your local recycling center for proper disposal information.

#### General Information

Thank you for purchasing the Inverter/Charger.

The inverter is a combination of an inverter, charger, solar charger.

It is packed with unique features and it is one of the most advanced inverter/charger in the market today.

The inverter features an AC bypass circuit, powering your home appliances from utility or generator power while charging the battery. When utility power fails, the battery backup system keeps your appliances powered until utility power is restored. Internal protection circuits prevent over-discharge of the batteries by shutting down the inverter when a low battery condition occurs. When utility or generator power is restored, the inverter transfers to the AC source and recharges the batteries.

The series inverter can also serve as a central hub of renewable energy system. Set the series inverter to battery priority mode, designates the inverter-preferred UPS configuration. In this configuration, the load power is normally provided by the inverter. However, if the inverter output is interrupted, an internal transfer switch automatically transfers the load from the inverter to commercial utility power. The transfer time between inverter and line is short (6ms typical), and such transfers are normally not detected by even highly sensitive loads. Upon restoration of Battery capacity, the inverter will transfer back to inverter power.

In the line priority mode, when utility power cuts off (or falls out of acceptable range), the transfer relay is de-energized and the load is automatically transferred to the inverter output. Once the qualified utility power is restored, the relay is energized and the load is automatically reconnected to utility power.

It features power factor comeltion sophisticated multi-stage charging and pure sine wave output with unprecedentedly high surge capability to meet demanding power needs of inductive loads without endangering the equipment.

The inverter is equipped with a powerful charger of up to 70Amp(depending on Mode). The overload capacity is 125~150% of continuous output for up to 20 seconds to reliably support tools and equipment longer.

Another important feature is that the inverter can be easily customized to solar priority by a DIP switch, this helps to extract maximum power from solar in renewable energy systems. To get the most out of the power inverter, it must be installed, used and maintained properly. Please read the instructions in the manual before installing and operating.

#### Warning code/Audible Alarm

Ctatura	None		5			
Status	Item	CHARGE	LINE	INVERTER	FAULT	Buzzer
	CC	√	4	×	×	_
Line	CV	blink	4	×	×	_
Mode	Float	blink	4	×	×	_
	Standby	×	4	×	×	_
Invert	Inverter on (Power saver off)	×	х	√	×	_
Mode	Power saver on	×	×	blink	×	_
	Battery Low	ж	×	√	×	beep 0.5s every 5s
	Battery High	×	×	√	×	beep 0.5s every 1s
Alarm Mode	Overload on invert mode	×	×	√	×	Refer to "Audible alam"
	OverTemp on invert mode	×	×	√	ж	beep 0.5s every 1s
	OverTemp on line mode	√	4	×	ж	beep 0.5s every 1s
	Over charge	√	4	×	×	beep 0.5s every 1s
	Fan lock	ж	×	×	√	beep continuous
	Battery High	×	×	×	√	beep continuous
Fault	Inverter mode overload	н	×	×	√	beep continuous
Mode	OverTemp	×	×	×	√	beep continuous
	Over charge	×	×	×	√	beep continuous
	Back Feed Short	И	ж	×	√	beep continuous

Remark: \(\forall \) shows the indicator on, \(\times\) shows the indicator off, \(\sigma\), blink shows the indicator blinking about 0.5s on and 0.5s off,



**FAN Operation** 

Variable speed fan operation is required in invert and charge mode. This is to

Condition	Enter condition	Leave condition	Speed
0.011.01.011	T ≤45°C	T > 51°C	20%
HEAT SINK TEMPERATURE	51°C≤T<68°C	T ≤ 60°C or T ≥ 68°C	40%
	T > 68°C		100%
	0% ≤ Load < 50%	Load ≥ 50%	20%
Load% (Invert mode)	Load ≥ 50%	Load ≤ 40% or	80%
	Load≥ 80%	Load ≤ 75%	100%



#### Application

Power tools-circular saws, drills, grinders, sanders, buffers, weed and hedge trimmers, air compressors.

Office equipment such as computers, printers, monitors, facsimile machines, scanners. Household items-vacuum cleaners, fans, fluorescent and incandescent lights, shavers, sewing machines.

Kitchen appliances-coffee makers, blenders, ice markers, toasters.

Industrial equipment-metal halide lamp, high-pressure sodium lamp.

Home entertainment electronics-television, VCRs, video games, stereos, musical instruments, satellite equipment.

- Features
  Pure sine wave output
- AC/Battery priority Via function switch
- Auto generator start(AGS)
- Max. AC charge current 70A.(Optional)
- · Inbuilt pure copper transformer
- Low battery trip volt 10.5V/11.0V
- 50HZ/60HZ sense automatically
- · RS232 with free CD

# **Basic System Architecture**

The following illustration shows basic application for this inverter. It also includes following devices to have a complete running system:

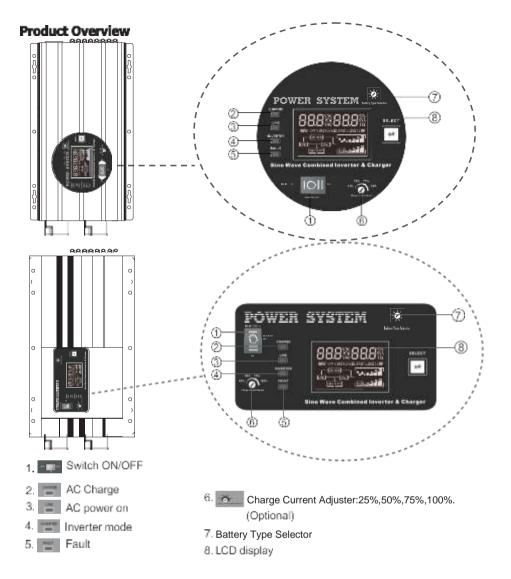
Generator or Grid. Battery

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements. This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor-type appliances such as tube light, fan, refrigerator and air conditioner.



Home Appliances

3



The AC priority and battery priority switch is SW5. When you choose battery priority, the inverter will draw DC energy from battery despite the AC input. Only when the battery voltage is reaches low voltage alarm point (11.5V for 12V). the inverter transfers to AC input, charges battery, and switches back to battery when battery is fully charged. This function is mainly for wind/solar systems taking utility power as back up.

#### Other features

Battery voltage recover start

After low battery voltage shut off (10.5V for 12V model /20V for 24V model /40V for 48Vmodel), the inverter is able to restore operation after the battery voltage recovers to 13VDC/26VDC/52VDC (with power switch still in the "On" position). This function helps to save the users extra work reactivating—the inverter when the low battery voltage returns to an acceptable range in the renewable energy systems. The built in battery charger will automatically reactivate as soon as city/generator ac has been stable for 15 seconds.

# Important:

	Constants	Description	Boost			Float		
	Switch		Voltage			Voltage		
	setting		12V	24V	48V	12V	24V	48V
	0	Battery prefer mode	Low trip to AC model 11.5V/23V/46V		High trip to battery 14V/28V/56V			
Battery Type	1	Gel USA	14.0	28.0	56.0	13.7	27.4	54.8
Setting  BATTERY TYPE SELECTOR	2	AGM 1	14.1	28.2	56.4	13.4	26.8	53.6
	3	AGM 2	14.6	29.2	58.4	13.7	27.4	54.8
	4	Sealed lead acid	14.4	28.8	57.6	13.6	27.2	54.4
	5	Gel EURO	14.4	28.8	57.6	13.8	27.6	55.2
	6	Open lead acid	14.8	29.6	58.2	13.3	26.6	53.2
	7	Calcuim	15.1	30.2	60.4	13.6	27.2	54.4
	8	De sulphation	15.5	31.0	62.0	4 hour	s then	off
	9	Not used	-	•	-	-		-

# **Audible Alarm**

Battery Voltage Low	Inverter green LED Lighting, and the buzzer beep 0.5s every 5s.
Battery Voltage High	Inverter green LED Lighting, and the buzzer beep 0.5s every 1s, and Fault after 60s.
Inverter Mode Over-Load	110%< load<125%, no audible alarm in 2 minutes, and Fault after 2 minutes. 125% <load<150%, 0.5s="" 1s,="" 20s.="" after="" and="" beeps="" every="" fault="" load="">150%, beeps 0.5s every 1s, and Fault after 2s.</load<150%,>
Over Temperature	Heat sink temp. ≥105°C, Over temp red LED Lighting, beeps 0.5s every 1s;



# Auto generator start (AGS)

There is an extra connector in front of the inverter used to start the generator. If the utility power is abnormal and single battery discharges below 11Vdc, the inverter will send out a signal to the cable of the connector which is cascaded to the control circuit of the generator, owing to this the control circuit will get through and then generator will be started. If single battery is charged higher than 13.5Vdc, the signal will disappear to make the generator keeping closed again.

BTS	Battery temperature	Variances in charging voltage & S.D. voltage base on the battery
	sensor (optional)	temperature.

# Setting Sine

On the rear panel of inverter, there are 5 DIP switches which enable users to customize the performance of the device.

	Tabledi	p switch f	unction	setting
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Table of Street Terrorer Section					
DIP switch NO.	Switch function		Position :1	Position: 0	
SW1	Low battery trip volt		10.5VDC	11.0VDC	
57//1			*2 for 24VDC	, *4 for 48VDC	
01110	SW2 AC input range / 120VAC (AVR) 230VAC		75-140VAC	95-140VAC	
SW2			145-272VAC	185-272VAC	
SW3	Power saver au	to setting	Detect load per 5secs	Detect load per 30secs	
SW4	O/P frequency setting		50Hz	60Hz	
SW5	Solar/AC priority setting		Utility priority	Solar priority	

#### SW1: Low battery trip volt:

For 12VDC model ,the Low battery trip volt is set at 10.5VDC by typical deep cycle lead acid battery. It can be customized to 11.0VDC using SW1 for sealed car battery, this is to prevent batteries from over-discharging while there is only a small load applied on the inverter. (\*2 for 24VDC, \*4 for 48VDC)

# SW2: AC Input range:

There are different acceptable AC input ranges for different kinds of loads.

For some relatively sensitive electronic devices, a narrow input range of 185-272VAC (95-140 VAC for 120VAC model) is required to protect them.

While for some resistive loads which work in a wide voltage range, the input AC range can be customized to 145-272VAC (75-140VAC for 120VAC model), this helps to power loads with the most AC input power without frequent switches to the battery bank.

#### SW3: Power saver auto setting:

By default the inverter is set to detect the load for 250ms every 5 seconds. This cycle can be customized to 30 seconds through the SW3 on the DIP switch.

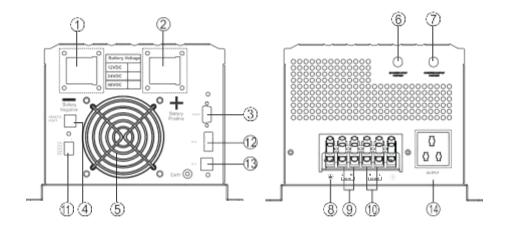
#### SW4: O/P frequency setting:

Set the inverter frequency in battery mode.

#### SW5: Solar/AC priority:

Our inverter is designed with AC priority by default. This means, when AC input is present, the battery will be charged first, and the inverter will transfer the input AC to power the load. Only when the AC input is stable for a continuous period of 15 days, the inverter will start a battery inverting cycle to protect the battery. After 1 cycle normal charging and ac through put will be restored.

	ON(Power Saver)	Power on with saver mode (power saver ≤25W)			
Switch	INVERTER OFF	Power totally off (if there is AC power,inverter have charger function)			
	ON Power on without saver mode				
Protection					
Over Temperature Protection	Heat sink temp. ≥105°C,	Fault (shutdown Output) after 30 seconds			
Back-Feed Protection	Yes				



- 1. BAT -
- 2. BAT +
- 3. RS232 communication port
- 4. Remote port
- 5. FAN
- AC input/Bypass breaker
- 7. AC output breaker

- 8. GND
- 9. AC input
- 10. AC output
- 11. Function Switch(SW1~SW5)
- 12. AGS
- 13. BTS
- 14. AC Output 10A(MAX)

# **INSTALLATION**

# Unpacking and Inspection

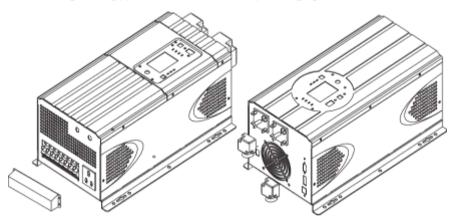
Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:

The unit x 1 RS485 Line x 1(Option) RS232 Line x 1

User manual x 1 BTS Line x 1(Option)
CD x 1 Remote Line x 1(Option)

# Preparation

Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing eight screws as shown below



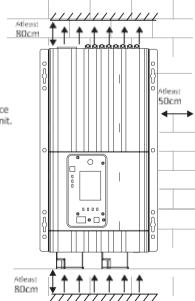
# Mounting the Unit

Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface.
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to read the LCD display clearly.
- For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, require a clearance about 50 cm to the side and 80 cm above and below the unit.
- The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 40 ℃ to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.



SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.



#### Line Mode

When utility is the unit the battery from the utility.LCD indicate charge current:





In utility mode the unit provide output power from the utility, the indication and displays are following figures:





# **Battery Mode**

In battery mode the unit will provide output power from battery or PV, LCD

indicate battery capacity ::







#### **Fault Mode**

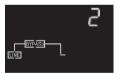
When inverter fault, the indication and displays are as following figures:

1: fan jam 2: overload

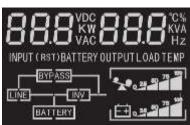
3/6/7: output short circuit

4: overtemperature

8/9: battery overvoltage.



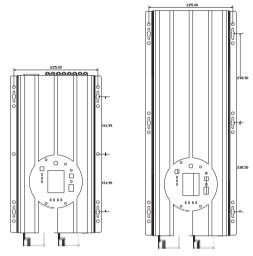




Icon	Function description					
UPS input / output	UPS input / output parameters Information					
888	I.Indicate input voltage, input frequency, battery voltage and charger current     Indicate output voltage, output frequency, load in VA, load in W.					
UPS Work Status In	formation					
BYPASS LINE INV BATTERY	UPS work status display, output and bypass mains electricity charge, the inverter output of the inverter power saving mode status display.					
Load Information						
0 25 50 75 100	Indicates load level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode.					
Battery Information	1					
-+ o 25 50 75 100	Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode.					



### Install the unit by screwing four screws



# **Battery Connection**

CAUTION: For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size.

# DC Wiring recommendation

It is suggested the battery bank be kept as close as possible to the inverter. The following able is a suggested wiring option for 1 meter DC cable.

Please find the following minimum wire size. In case of DC cable longer than 1m, please increase the cross section of cable to reduce the loss.

Model	Battery	Wire gage/Min	Model	Battery	Wire gage/Min
	Voltage	0-1.0m		Voltage	0-1.0m
1KW	12VDC	1*6AWG	2KW	12VDC	1*2AWG
	24VDC	1*6AWG		24VDC	1*4AWG
	12VDC	1*4AWG		24700	1 4000
1.5KW	24VDC	1*6AWG		48VDC	1*6AWG
3KW	12VDC	1*2AWG	4KW	24VDC	4*2AWG
	24VDC	1*3AWG			
	48VDC	1*6AWG		48VDC	1*4AWG
5KW	24VDC	1*2AWG	6KW	24VDC	1*2AWG
	48VDC	1*3AWG		48VDC	1*3AWG

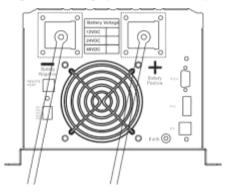
One cable is always best, but cable is simply copper and all you require is the copper, so it does not matter if is one cable or 10 cables as long as the square area adds up. Performance of any product can be improved by thicker cable and shorter runs, so if in doubt round up and keep the length as short as possible.

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Assemble battery ring terminal based on recommended battery cable and terminal size.
- Connect all battery packs as units requires. It's suggested to connect at least 100Ah capacity battery for 1KW-3KW model, at least 200Ah capacity batter for 4KW-6KW model.

NOTE: Please only use sealed lead acid battery or sealed GEL/AGM lead-acid battery.

Insert the ring terminal of battery cable into battery connector of inverter and make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 2-3 Nm. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the energy storage inverter is correctly connected and ring terminals are tightly screwed to the battery terminals.





# WARNING: Shock Hazard

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



**CAUTION!!** Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal and the ring terminal. Otherwise, overheating may occur.

**CAUTION!!** Do not apply anti -oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.

**CAUTION!!** Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

# **AC Input/Output Connection**

**CAUTION!!** Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a separate AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 30A for 1KW-3KW,40A for 4KW-6KW.

Charge Mod	le Specifications:											
MODEL	Model											
Nominal Input	1012 1024 1512 1524 2012 2024 3012 3024 3048 4024 4048 5024 5048 6024 6048											
Voltage	120Vac/230Vac 220Vac/230Vac											
Input Voltage Range	75-140Vac/145~272Vac 145~272Vac											
Nominal Output Voltage	Same as input voltage											
MAX Charge Current	30A/20A 65A 65A/40A 65A/45A/25A 65A/35A 70A/40A 75A/50A											
Charge Current Regulation	Charge current adjustable: 25%, 50%, 75%, 100%. (Optional)											
Battery initial voltage	10.5-15.7Vdc/21V-31.4Vdc/42V-62.8Vdc											
Charger Short Circuit Protection	Circuit breaker											
Breaker Size	40A											
Over Charge Protection	Bat. V ≥15.7Vdc/ 31.4Vdc/62.8Vdc , beeps 0.5s every 1s & fault after 60s											
Charge Algori	thm											
Algorithm	Three stage:  Boost CC (constant current stage) → Boost CV (constant voltage stage) →  Float (constant voltage stage)  Boost CC Stage: If A/C input is applied, the charger will run at full current											
Charge Stage Transition Definitions	in CC mode until the charger reaches the boost voltage.  ◆ Software timer will measure the time from A/C start until the bettery charger reaches 0.3V below the boost voltage, then take this time asT₀ and T₀×10 = T₁.  ◆ Boost CV Stage: Start a T₁ timer; the charger will keep the boost voltage in Boost CV mode until the T₁ timer has run out. Then drop the voltage down to the float voltage. The timer has a minimum time of 1 hour and a maximum time of 12 hours.  ◆ Float Stage: In float mode, the voltage will stay at the float voltage.  ◆ If the A/C is reconnected or the battery voltage drops below 12Vdc/24Vdc, the charger will reset the cycle above.  ◆ If the charge maintains the float state for 10 days, the charger will reset the cycle.  **BATTERY BASIC SEZE**  **A STATE OF THE SECRET PROBLEM OF THE PROBLEM											

# Inverter Mode Specifications:

	ı											
MODEL	Model 1012 1024 1512 1524 2012 2024 3012 3024 3048 4024 4048 5024 5048 6024 6048											
Output Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine wave											
Rated Output Power (VA)	1000	1500	2000	3000	40	4000		5000		00		
Rated Output Power (W)	1000	1500	2000	3000	40	4000		00	60	00		
Power Factor	1.0											
Nominal Output Voltage (V)	120Vac/220Vac/230Vac ±10% 220Vac/230Vac ±10%											
Nominal Output Frequency (Hz)	60Hz ± 0.3Hz / 50Hz ± 0.3Hz											
Auto tracking Main Frequency (Hz)	Yes (Following Main first connection) 50Hz @40-80Hz 60Hz @40-80Hz											
Output Voltage Regulation	±10% rms											
Nominal Efficiency	>80%											
Over-Load Protection (SMPS load)	(110% <load<125%) (shutdown="" 2minutes;<br="" after="" fault="" output)="" ±10%:="">(125%<load<150%) (shutdown="" 20s;<br="" after="" fault="" output)="" ±10%:="">Load&gt;150% ±10%: Fault (shutdown output) after 2s</load<150%)></load<125%)>											
Surge rating	3000VA	4500VA	6000VA	9000VA		12000 VA		15000 VA		100 A		
Capable of starting electric motor	1HP	1HP	1HP	2HP	21	2HP		3НР		IP		
Output Short Circuit Protection		•	Current	limit (Fault aft	er 10s)		•		•			
Nominal DC Input Voltage	12V 24V	12V 24V	12V 24V	12V 24V 48	V 24V	48V	24V	48V	24V	48V		
Min DC start voltage				11V/22V/43\	,	•	•		•			
Low Battery Alarm	11Vdc ± 0.3Vdc for 12V battery 22Vdc ± 0.6Vdc for 24V battery 44Vdc ± 0.6Vdc for 48V battery											
Low DC input Shut-down	10.5Vdc ± 0.3Vdc for 12V battery 21Vdc ± 0.6Vdc for 24V battery 42Vdc ± 0.8Vdc for 48V battery											
High DC input Alarm & Fault	18Vdc ± 0.3Vdc for 12V battery 32Vdc ± 0.6Vdc for 24V battery 64Vdc ± 0.6Vdc for 48V battery											
High DC input Recovery	15.5Vdc ± 0.3Vdc for 12V battery 31.0Vdc ± 0.6Vdc for 24V battery 62.0Vdc ± 0.6Vdc for 48V battery											
Power saver	Load ≦25W											

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**CAUTION!!** Please don't connect the output wring to "Grid" terminal or connect the grid wring to the "Load" terminal.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for Grid connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

# AC Wiring

We recommend using 10-5Awg wire to the ac terminal block.

There are 3 different ways of connecting to the terminal block depending on the model. All the wirings are CE compliant, call our tech support if you are not sure about how to wire any part of your inverter

# AC Wiring 1-6KW 230V single phase/ 120V single phase Input: Hot line +Neutral +Ground Output: Hot line +Neutral +Ground AC INPUT AC OUTPUT

# Suggested cable requirement for AC wires

Model	Gauge	Torque Value
1-2KW	12AWG	1.2~1.6Nm
3-6KW	10AWG	1.4~1.6Nm



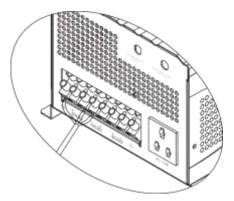
Please follow below steps to implement Load/Grid connection:

- Before making Load/Grid connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm for six conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3 mm.
- Insert grid wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor (A) first.

Ground (yellow-green)

L→ LINE (brown or black)

N→ Neutral (blue)



# 1

#### WARNING:

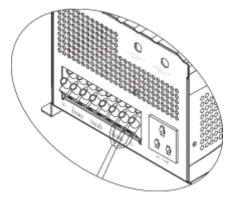
Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

4. Then, insert Load wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws.
Be sure to connect PE protective conductor ( ) first.

⊕ Ground (yellow-green)

L→ LINE (brown or black)

N→ Neutral (blue)



5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

CAUTION: Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter will be triggered overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

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# **Electrical Performance**

Line Mode	Spe	cific	atior	15:												
MODEL	Model															
MODEL	1012	1024	1512	1524	2012	2024	3012	3024	3048	4024	4048	5024	5048	6024 604		
Input Voltage Waveform						Si	nusoida	(utility	or gen	rerator)						
Nominal Input	120Vac									220Vac / 230Vac						
Voltage	220Vac/230Vac															
Low Line	75Vac± 2%											145Vac±2%				
Disconnect	145Vac±2%											142431221				
Low Line Re-connect						80\	/ac±2%					_	155Vac ±2%			
Re-connect							Vac <u>+</u> 2%	-								
High Line Disconnect							/ac± 2%					1	272V	ac ± 2%		
Disconnect	272Vac±2%											A				
High Line Re-connect		135Vac± 2%									_	265V	ac ± 2%			
						265V	ac± 2%	5								
Max AC Input Voltage					1	40Vrm	s/270Vı	ms				270Vrms				
Nominal Input Frequency						50	Hz/ 60	Hz (A	uto det	ection)						
Low Line Frequency Re-connect		44+0.5Hz for 50Hz;														
Low Line Frequency Disconnect		40+0.5Hz for 50Hz;														
High Line Frequency Re-connect	75±0.3Hz for 50Hz;															
High Line Frequency Disconnect	80+0.3Hz for 50Hz;															
Output Voltage Waveform	As same as Input Waveform															
Over-Load Protection (SMPS load)	Circuit breaker															
Output Short Circuit Protection	Circuit breaker															
Efficiency (Line Mode)	>95%															
Transfer Time (Ac to Dc)	10ms (typical)															
Transfer Time (Dc to Ac)	10ms (typical)															
Pass through without Battery								Yes	5							
Max Bypass Overload Current							ac 1-1.5 Vac 1-3									